Exercises 11

1. The following Java method **m** gets an integer array **x** as its argument:

```
public int m(int x[])
   {
   int c, i;
   c = 0;
   for (i = 0; i < x.length; i++)
      if (x[i] % 2 == 1) c++;
   return c;
   }</pre>
```

What does this method calculate (or count)?

2. (a) Which errors can possibly occur during runtime of the following Java program fragment?

```
int i;
float list[300];
float x, y;
...
/* i, x and y are somehow calculated */
...
list[i] = 1.5 / (x + y);
...
```

- (b) Which conditions (to be specified in Java syntax) should be checked to capture these errors before they can cause trouble?
- 3. Write an XL (or Java) program which prints all prime numbers between 1 and 1000 on the screen (and no other numbers).

Remark 1: An integer is a prime number if it is larger than 1 and if it is not divisible without rest by any other positive integer except 1 and itself.

Remark 2: $\mathbf{a} \ \% \ \mathbf{b} = \text{rest of the division of integer } \mathbf{a} \text{ by integer } \mathbf{b} \ (0 \le (\mathbf{a} \ \% \ \mathbf{b}) < \mathbf{b}).$